

Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Chemistry (4CH1) Paper 2CR

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
number 1 (a)	M1 A test tube / boiling tube  M2 B evaporating basin  M3 C measuring cylinder  M4 D (top-pan) balance	ALLOW evaporating dish/crystallising dish  ALLOW (weighing) scale(s)  ALLOW weighing machine	Marks 4 Grad
(b)	C A is incorrect as a test tube cannot measure a volume of liquid B is incorrect as an evaporating basin cannot measure a volume of liquid D is incorrect as a balance measures mass not volume		1 Comp

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	A 3  B is incorrect as there are not 6 electrons in the outer shell of a thallium atom C is incorrect as there are not 13 electrons in the outer shell of a thallium atom D is incorrect as 81 is the total number of electrons in a thallium atom not the number in the outer shell		1 Comp
(b)	B 78  A is incorrect as there are not 3 electrons in a thallium ion C is incorrect as 81 is the number of electrons in a thallium atom not a thallium ion D is incorrect as there are not 84 electrons in a thallium ion		1 Comp

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (c) (i)	M1 (number of protons) 81	ACCEPT eighty-one	2 Cl
	M2 (number of neutrons) 124	ACCEPT one hundred and twenty-four	6
(ii)	<ul> <li>calculate sum of mass numbers multiplied by percentage abundances</li> <li>divide answer by 100</li> <li>give answer to one decimal place</li> </ul>		3 Exp
	Example calculation		
	<b>M1</b> (203 x 30.8) + (205 x 69.2) <b>OR</b> 20438.4	ACCEPT 4, 5 or 6 sig fig	
	<b>M2</b> 20438.4 ÷ 100 <b>OR</b> 204.384	ACCEPT 5 or 6 sig fig	
		(203 x 0.308) + (205 x 0.692) <b>OR</b> 204.384 with or without working scores <b>M1</b> and <b>M2</b>	
	<b>M3</b> 204.4	Correct answer to 1 d.p. with or without working scores 3 marks	
			Total 7

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a) (i)	M1 (bitumen) (surfacing) roads/(surfacing) roofs	ALLOW other suitable uses	2 Exp
	M2 (gasoline) petrol / fuel for cars/vehicles	<b>ALLOW</b> other suitable uses e.g. fuel for cooking	
(ii)	An explanation that links the following two points		2 Exp
	M1 column is cooler near the top than at the bottom ORA	ACCEPT column cool near the top and hot at the bottom	ĽΧÞ
		ACCEPT temperature decreases up the column ORA	
	M2 gasoline has a lower boiling point than bitumen (so is collected nearer the top) ORA	ACCEPT gasoline has a low boiling point (so is collected near the top) and bitumen has a high boiling point (so is collected near the bottom)	
(b) (i)	M1 alumina/silica (catalyst)	ACCEPT Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> / SiO <sub>2</sub> /aluminium oxide /silicon dioxide /aluminosilicate(s) /zeolite(s)	2 Exp
	<b>M2</b> 600 – 700 (°C)	ACCEPT range or any value within the range	
		ACCEPT correct temperatures in other units	
(ii)	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>26</sub> > C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>16</sub> + C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> + C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	ACCEPT answers in either order	2 Exp
	<b>M1</b> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>		
	<b>M2</b> C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>		
			Total 8

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a)	Any two of the following observations.  M1 (sodium) floats/moves on surface (of water)		2 Exp
	<ul><li>M2 (sodium) melts/forms a ball</li><li>M3 (sodium) gets smaller/disappears</li></ul>	ALLOW dissolves	
	M4 (sodium forms) white trail	IGNORE references to flame/heat released /temperature increases	
		IGNORE fizzing /effervescence	
(b) (i)	2Li + F₂ → 2LiF	ALLOW multiples or fractions	1 Exp
		IGNORE state symbols even if incorrect	
(ii)	M1 flame test	ALLOW description of flame test	2 Exp
	M2 red (flame)	ALLOW crimson /scarlet	
		REJECT orange-red/ brick red	
(iii)	M1 correct electron arrangement of lithium ion	ACCEPT any combination of dots and crosses	3 Exp
	lithium ion Li <sup>+</sup> [2] <sup>+</sup>	IGNORE empty second shell	
	M2 correct electron arrangement of fluoride ion	Inner electron shell required to score M2	
	fluoride ion F <sup>-</sup> [2,8] <sup>-</sup> M3 correct charges on both ions (with or without brackets)	M3 not dep on M1 and M2 correct	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (c)	An explanation that links three of the following four points		3 Exp
	M1 the outer electron is further from the nucleus in potassium / potassium has more shells/ potassium has larger atomic radius ORA	ALLOW potassium atom is bigger than a sodium atom	
	<b>M2</b> there is more shielding (by the inner shells) in potassium ORA		
	M3 there is less attraction between the outer electron and the nucleus in potassium ORA		
	M4 (so outer) electron (in potassium) more easily lost ORA	outer electron needs to be mentioned at least once in the answer for full marks	
		Max 2 if no mention of outer electron in the answer	
			Total 11

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a) (i)	A labelled diagram showing		2 Exp
	<b>M1</b> at least three rows of at least three cations/atoms in a regular arrangement		
	M2 surrounded by (delocalised) electrons		
	Example of diagram	Max 1 if no labels  Minimum requirement for 2 marks is + signs on atoms and electrons labelled or shown as e-	
(ii)	An explanation that links the following two points		2 Exp
	M1 delocalised electrons	IGNORE free electrons/ sea of electrons	'
	M2 flow/are mobile/move/are free to move	<b>M2</b> dep on mention of electrons	
		Any mention of ions/atoms moving scores 0	
(b)	Any two of the following properties		_ 2
	M1 low density	ALLOW lightweight IGNORE light	Exp
		IGNORE less dense	
	M2 does not react with drink	<b>ALLOW</b> does not corrode/non-toxic	
		IGNORE does not rust	
	M3 malleable	<b>ALLOW</b> easy to bend/ easy to shape	
		IGNORE references to cost	
		<b>IGNORE</b> can be recycled	
		IGNORE any irrelevant properties e.g. high melting/boiling point/ good conductor/ductile	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (c) (i)	aluminium/it is more reactive/higher in the reactivity series than carbon ORA	ALLOW aluminium is too reactive/too high in the reactivity series	1 Grad
(ii)	electrons are gained (by aluminium ion/Al³+)	ACCEPT oxidation state of aluminium/Al is decreased/ changes from +3 to 0  REJECT aluminium/Al gains electrons	1 Exp
		IGNORE references to loss of oxygen	
(iii)	$2O^{2-} \rightarrow O_2 + 4e^{(-)}$ <b>M1</b> correct formulae of products	ACCEPT multiples and fractions	2 Exp
	M2 balancing of correct formulae	M2 dep on M1	
			Total 10

Quest numb		Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (a)	(i)	pipette		1 CI
(b)	(i)	M1 (colour in NaOH) pink	ACCEPT magenta ALLOW red	2 Grad
		M2 (colour in HCI) colourless/no colour	IGNORE clear  1 mark for two correct colours in the wrong order	
	(ii)	There is no clear (colour change at the) end point/difficult to determine which shade of green is pH 7 OWTTE	<b>ALLOW</b> it has a range of colours	1 Exp

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
	Answer  A description that makes reference to the following two points  M1 add 21.5 cm³ of hydrochloric acid  M2 to 25 cm³ of sodium hydroxide solution	Notes  0 marks if mention of adding indicator  ALLOW repeat the titration without indicator for 1 mark  ALLOW the following alternative method  M1 add activated charcoal (to absorb the indicator)  M2 filter (to remove the	Marks 2 Exp
		M2 filter (to remove the activated charcoal and indicator) M2 dep on M1	

		ALLOW ecf on M2	Tota
	<b>M3</b> 0.930	ALLOW any number of sig fig except 1	
	<b>M2</b> conc = $(0.02 \div 0.0215)$	answer to <b>M1</b> ÷ 0.0215	
	<b>M1</b> n(NaOH) = 0.0250 x 0.800 or 0.02(00)		
	Example calculation		
6 (d)	<ul> <li>calculate the amount, in moles, of NaOH</li> <li>divide amount in moles by volume in dm3</li> <li>evaluation to obtain correct answer</li> </ul>	correct answer without working scores 3 marks	Ex
		No <b>M4</b> if crystals are washed after drying	
		REJECT hot oven or direct heating with Bunsen burner	
	M4 suitable method of drying the crystals	e.g. dry between filter papers/dry in a warm oven/ leave to dry	
	M3 filter off the crystals	IGNORE references to washing	
	(more) crystals to form		
	M2 leave the solution to cool /leave the solution for	only <b>M3</b> and <b>M4</b> can be awarded	
	M1 heat the solution to evaporate some of the water/ to form a saturated solution/ to crystallisation point	If solution left to partially evaporate without heating	
(ii)	A description that makes reference to the following four points	Max 1 mark if solution evaporated to dryness	E:

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a) (i)	sulfuric acid	IGNORE references to concentration	1 Grad
		ALLOW H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	
		REJECT sulfurous acid	
(ii)	<b>D</b> orange to green		1
	A is incorrect as the solution is not colourless at the start of the reaction B is incorrect as the solution is not green at the start or orange at the end of the reaction C is incorrect as the solution is not colourless at the end of the reaction		Comp
(b) (i)	<ul> <li>show the expression for the sum of the bond energies for the breaking of bonds</li> <li>evaluation to give answer in kJ</li> </ul>	correct answer without working scores 2	2 Exp
	Example calculation		
	M1 ∑ C-C + 5C-H + C-O + O-H + 3O=O		
	<b>OR</b> ∑ 346 + (5 x 412) + 358 + 463 + (3 x 496)		
	<b>M2</b> 4715 (kJ)	- 1 mark for each error	
(ii)	<ul> <li>show the expression for the sum of the bond energies for the forming of bonds</li> <li>evaluation to give answer in kJ</li> </ul>	correct answer without working scores 2	2 Exp
	Example calculation		
	M1 ∑ 4C=O + 6O-H		
	<b>OR</b> $\sum (4 \times 743) + (6 \times 463)$		
	<b>M2</b> 5750 (kJ)	- 1 mark for each error	
		<b>IGNORE</b> any signs in (i) and (ii)	
(iii)	(4715 – 5750 =) – 1035 (kJ/mol)	minus sign must be included	1 Exp
		ACCEPT – 1040 (kJ/mol)	
		<b>ALLOW</b> ecf on answers to (i) and (ii)	
		If answers to (i) and (ii) are reversed allow max 3 and ecf on (iii)	

Question	<u> </u>		
number	Answer	Notes	Marks
' (c) (i)	ethyl methanoate	ALLOW ethyl formate  ALLOW words written without gap	1 Grad
(ii)	M1 ester linkage		2 Exp
	0     -C-O-		
	M2 rest of molecule correct		
	O H H 		
	Structural formula of ethyl formate or ethyl methanoate	M2 dep on M1	
(iii)	M1 forward and reverse reactions occur at the same rate OWTTE		2 Exp
	M2 concentrations of reactants and products remain constant		
(d)	<ul> <li>calculate amount in moles of HCOOH</li> <li>use equation to find amount in moles of CO<sub>2</sub></li> <li>multiply amount in moles of CO<sub>2</sub> by molar volume</li> <li>evaluation of answer in cm<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>	correct answer without working scores 4	4 Exp
	Example calculation		
	<b>M1</b> $n(HCOOH) = 2.3 \div 46$ or $0.05(0)$		
	<b>M2</b> $n(CO_2) = 0.05(0) \div 2$ or 0.025		
	<b>M3</b> (volume of CO <sub>2</sub> ) = 0.025 x 24 <b>or</b> 0.025 x 24000	No ecf from <b>M1</b> and <b>M2</b> if mass or $M_r$ multiplied by 24 /24000	
	<b>M4</b> 600 (cm <sup>3</sup> )	ALLOW ecf from M3	
		0.6, 1200 and 2400 score 3 1.2 and 2.4 score 2	

1	Total
	16